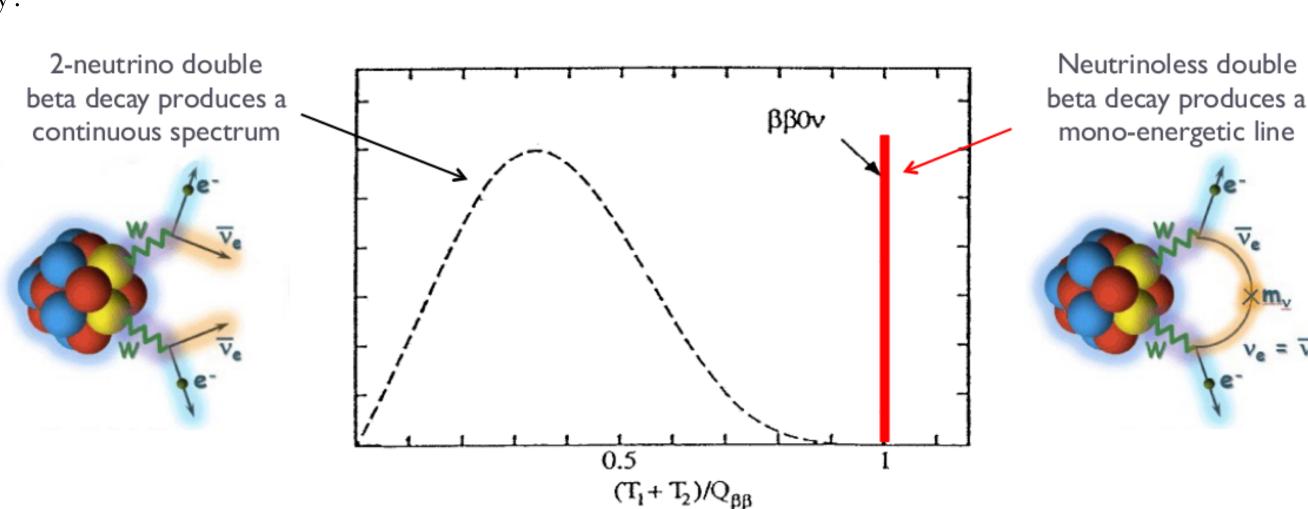
THE MAJORANA DEMONSTRATOR AT LBNL

J. Myslik for the Majorana Collaboration

Physics and Design Goals

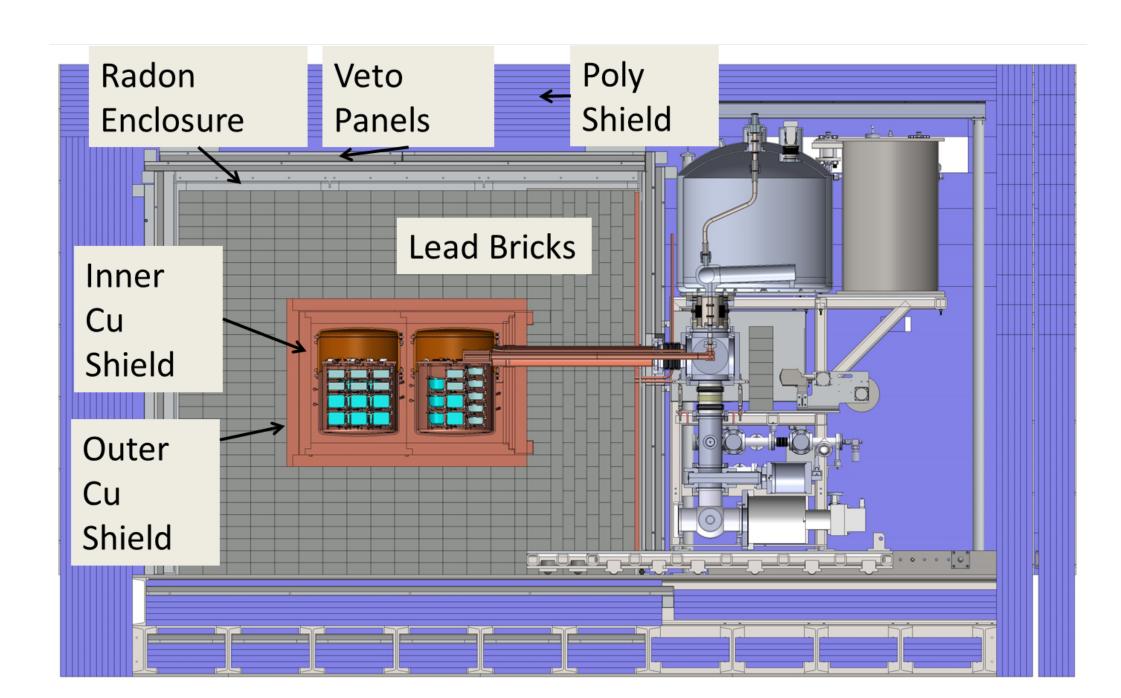
• The main physics purpose is the search for lepton number violation via neutrinoless double beta decay:



- Having good energy resolution for the outgoing electrons is important.
- High-purity germanium detectors have excellent energy resolution.
- -⁷⁶Ge can be incorporated right into the detector active volume.
- The Majorana Demonstrator has 3 design goals:
- -Demonstrate backgrounds low enough to justify building a tonne scale experiment (at or below 1 count/(ROI-tonne-year) in the 4 keV ROI around the 2039 keV Q-value of the ⁷⁶Ge double beta decay).
- -Establish feasibility to construct and field modular arrays of Ge detectors.
- -Search for additional physics beyond the Standard Model.

The Majorana Demonstrator

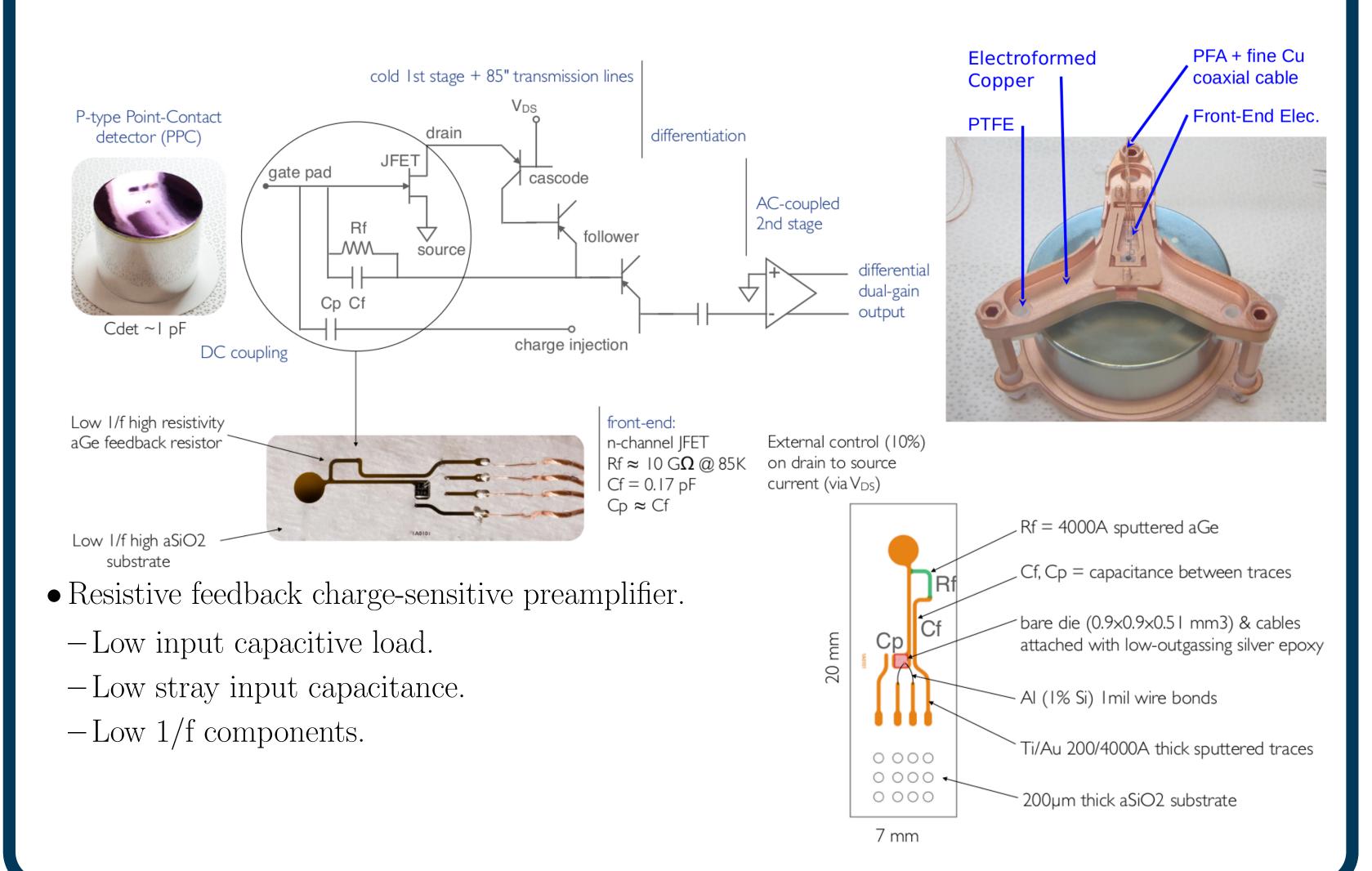
• Located at the 4850' level of the Sanford Underground Research Facility in Lead, South Dakota.



- 2 cryostat modules, each containing 7 strings of 3 to 5 p-type Point-Contact (PPC) germanium crystal detectors.
- -Longer drift time with point contact helps distinguish between single-site signal and any multi-site background interactions.
- -29.7 kg of 88% enriched ⁷⁶Ge crystals, 14.4 kg natural Ge crystals (44.1 kg total).

Low-Mass Front-End Board (LMFE)

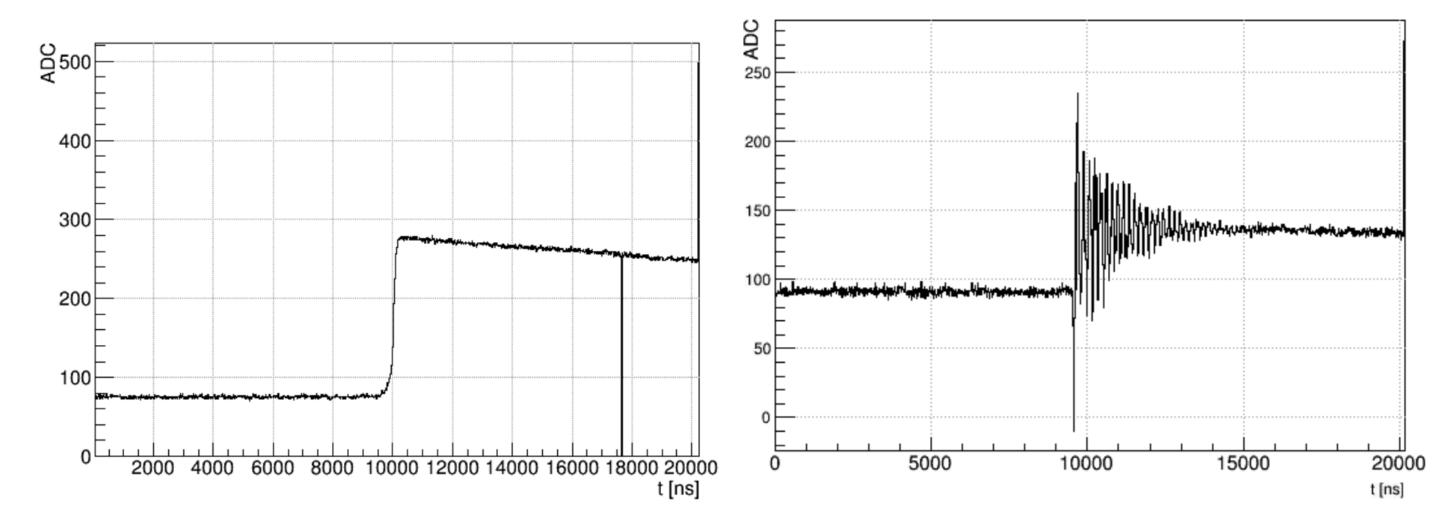
• Minimize the mass of (and therefore background due to) the detector readout.





Removal of Instrumental Backgrounds

- Occasionally an event waveform is distorted, which will lead to problems or inaccuracies in the event reconstruction.
- The events with distorted waveforms are identified and tagged for removal within the Data Cleaning Framework.

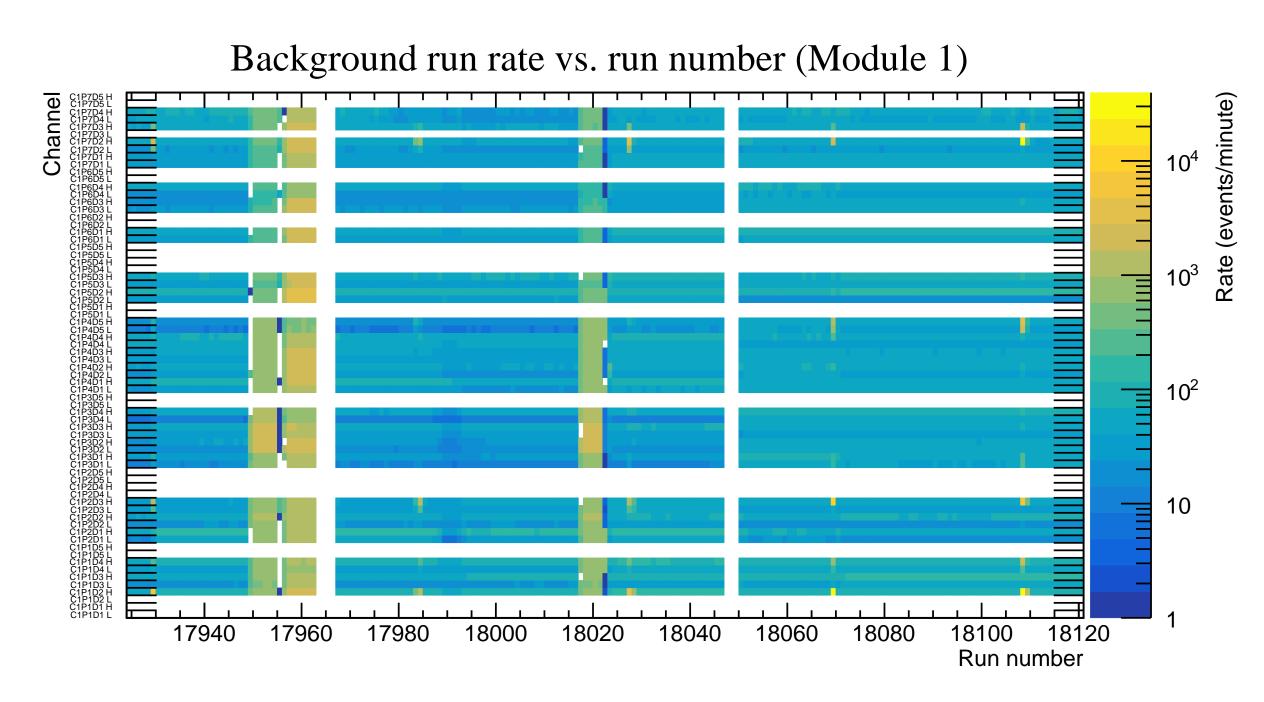


• This waveform has a flipped ADC bit, and • The rising edge of this waveform is obscured would be identified and tagged.

by some noise. Development of a tag for this population of events is currently underway.

Data Quality Assurance

- Confidence in the results of the experiment requires confidence in the quality of the data.
- A comprehensive set of checks over different timescales (e.g. individual runs, weekly, or full datasets) should be able to find signs of problems with the data produced by the detector.
- One example (below) looks at the event rate in each channel over each background run weekly.



- Background runs normally should have similar event rates in each channel. The higher rate periods here in Module 1 are the result of a radioactive calibration source in Module 2.
- Development of a modular, flexible framework for performing data quality checks is currently underway, along with the development of additional checks beyond those currently performed.

Conclusions

- The Majorana Demonstrator is a neutrinoless double beta decay experiment.
- Currently taking data at the 4850' level of the Sanford Underground Research Facility, it also serves as an important step towards a larger tonne-scale experiment.
- LBNL contributions include the delivery of the ⁷⁶Ge-enriched germanium detectors and signal readout electronics, and work to ensure data integrity through the development of instrumental background cuts and data quality assurance tools. With these low-level analyses in place, the group is now pursuing the search for neutrinoless double beta decays.

Acknowledgements

This work is supported by the U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Science, Office of Nuclear Physics, the Particle Astrophysics and Nuclear Physics Programs of the National Science Foundation, and the Sanford Underground Research Facility.